

Toluene

CAS-No.:	108-88-3 The scope of this Standard includes, but is not limited to the CAS number(s) indicated above; any other CAS number(s) used to identify this fragrance ingredient should be considered in scope as well.
Synonyms:	Toluol Methylbenzol Methylbenzene

History:	Publication date:	2004 (Amendment 38)	Previous Publications:	Not applicable.
-----------------	-------------------	---------------------	------------------------	-----------------

Implementation dates:	For new creation*:	May 6, 2004
	For existing creation*:	May 6, 2005
	*These dates apply to the supply of fragrance mixtures (formulas) only, not to the finished consumer products in the marketplace.	

RECOMMENDATION:	PROHIBITION / SPECIFICATION
------------------------	------------------------------------

FRAGRANCE INGREDIENT PROHIBITION:	Toluene should not be used as a fragrance ingredient.
--	---

FRAGRANCE INGREDIENT SPECIFICATION:	The level of Toluene has to be kept as low as practicable and should never exceed 100 ppm in the fragrance compound/mixture or fragrance oil.
--	---

CONTRIBUTIONS FROM OTHER SOURCES:	NONE TO CONSIDER BEYOND TRACES (SEE ALSO THE SECTION ON CONTRIBUTIONS FROM OTHER SOURCES IN CHAPTER 1 OF THE GUIDANCE FOR THE USE OF IFRA STANDARDS)
--	---

INTRINSIC PROPERTY DRIVING RISK MANAGEMENT:	LIVER TOXICITY
--	-----------------------

EXPERT PANEL FOR FRAGRANCE SAFETY RATIONALE / CONCLUSION:

The Expert Panel for Fragrance Safety reviewed all the available data for Toluene and recommends not to use Toluene as or in fragrance ingredients in any finished product application other than described in the above fragrance ingredient specification.

REFERENCES:

Toluene

The IFRA Standard on Toluene is based on at least one of the following publications:

- The RIFM Safety Assessment on Toluene is available at the RIFM Safety Assessment Sheet Database: <http://fragrancematerialsafetyresource.elsevier.com/>.
- Api A.M., Belsito D., Bruze M., Cadby P., Calow P., Dagli M. L., Dekant W., Dent M., Ellis G., Fryer A. D., Fukayama M., Griem P., Hickey C., Kromidas L., Lalko J., Liebler D.C., Miyachi Y., Politano V.T., Renskers K., Ritacco G., Salvito D., Schultz T.W., Sipes I. G., Smith B., Vitale D., Wilcox D.K. (2015). Criteria for the Research Institute for Fragrance Materials, Inc. (RIFM) safety evaluation process for fragrance ingredients. *Food Chem Toxicol.* 2015 Aug;82 Suppl:S1-S19 (doi: 10.1016/j.fct.2014.11.014). (http://fragrancematerialsafetyresource.elsevier.com/sites/default/files/Criteria_Document_Final.pdf).
- IDEA project (International Dialogue for the Evaluation of Allergens) Final Report on the QRA2: Skin Sensitisation Quantitative Risk Assessment for Fragrance Ingredients, September 30, 2016 (<http://www.ideaproject.info/uploads/Modules/Documents/qra2-dossier-final--september-2016.pdf>).
- Salvito D.T., Senna R. J., Federle T.W. (2002). A framework for prioritizing fragrance materials for aquatic risk assessment. *Environ Toxicol Chem.* 2002;21:1301-1308. (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12069318>).
- Cosmetic Ingredient Review, *Journal of the American College of Toxicology* JACT 6 (1) 1987.
- IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Monographs Vol 47, p .79 (1989); Vol 71 p. 829 (1999).

Additional information on the application of IFRA Standards is available in the Guidance for the use of IFRA Standards, publicly available at www.ifrafragrance.org.