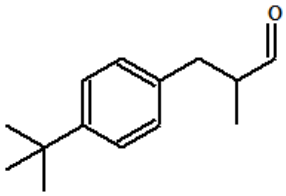
p-tert-Butyl-alpha-methylhydrocinnamic aldehyde (BMHCA)

CAS N°:	80-54-6	**Empirical formula:**	$C_{14}H_{20}O$
		Structure:	
Synonyms:	Benzenepropanal, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-alpha-methyl- p-t-Bucinal 2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde p-t-Butyl-alpha-methylhydrocinnamaldehyde Butylphenyl methylpropional alpha-Methyl-ß-(p-t-butylphenyl)propionaldehyde Lilestralis, Lilial, Lysmeral (commercial names)		

History:	Initial reviews:	April 2003, May 2007, October 2008	
	Current revision date:	June 2013	
	Implementation date:	For new submissions*:	August 10, 2013
		For existing fragrance compounds*:	August 10, 2014
	Next review date	2018	

* This date applies to the supply of fragrance compounds (formulas) only, not to the finished products in the marketplace.

RECOMMENDATION:	**RESTRICTED**

RESTRICTIONS:

Limits in the finished product:			
Category 1 See Note box (1)	0.1 %	Category 7	0.3 %
Category 2	0.2 %	Category 8	2.0 %
Category 3	0.6 %	Category 9	2.5 %
Category 4	1.9 %	Category 10	2.5 %
Category 5	1.0 %	Category 11	See Note box (2)
Category 6	3.0 %		

Note box:

For this material, for pragmatic reasons, restrictive levels allowed by the QRA for certain categories but actually being higher than those already in place before applying the QRA, will temporarily not be implemented until the end of a 5 year monitoring phase. At the end of the 5 years the position will be reevaluated again.
(1) IFRA would recommend that any material used to impart perfume or flavour in products intended for human ingestion should consist of ingredients that are in compliance with appropriate regulations for foods and food flavourings in the countries of planned distribution and, where these are lacking, with the recommendations laid down in the Code of Practice of IOFI (International Organisation of the Flavor Industry)http://www.iofiorg.org/.
(2) Category 11 includes all non-skin contact or incidental skin contact products. Due to the negligible skin contact from these types of products there is no justification for a restriction of the concentration of this fragrance ingredient in the finished product.

Fragrance material specifications:	N/A

p-tert-Butyl-alpha-methylhydrocinnamic aldehyde (BMHCA)

CONTRIBUTION FROM OTHER SOURCES:

See **Annex II**

CRITICAL EFFECT: SENSITIZATION

RIFM SUMMARIES:

LLNA weighted mean EC3 values ($\mu g/cm^2$) [no. studies]	Potency Classification Based on Animal Data[2]	Human Data			WoE NESIL[3] ($\mu g/cm^2$)
		NOEL – HRIPT (induction) ($\mu g/cm^2$)	NOEL – HMT (induction) ($\mu g/cm^2$)	LOEL[1] (induction) ($\mu g/cm^2$)	
2372 [6]	Weak	4125	NA	29528	4100

NOEL = No observed effect level; HRIPT = Human Repeat Insult Patch Test; MAX = Human Maximization Test;
LOEL = lowest observed effect level; NA = Not Available

[1]Data derived from HRIPT or Human Max tests
[2]Gerberick *et al*., 2001
[3]WoE NESIL limited to two significant figures

REXPAN RATIONALE / CONCLUSION:

The RIFM Expert Panel reviewed the critical effect data for p-tert-butyl-alphamethylhydrocinnamic aldehyde and, based on the weight of evidence, established the No Expected Sensitization Induction Level (NESIL) as 4100 µg/cm². They recommend the limits for the 11 different product categories, which are the acceptable use levels of p-tert-butylalpha-methylhydrocinnamic aldehyde in the various product categories. These were derived from the application of the exposure-based quantitative risk assessment approach for fragrance ingredients, which is detailed in the publication by Api *et al*., 2008.

REFERENCES:

Gerberick, GF. et. al. (2001) Contact allergenic potency: Correlation of human and local lymph node assay data. American Journal of Contact Dermatitis, 12(3), 156-161

Kimber, I., Ryan, C. A., Gerberick, G. F., White, I. R., 2001. Human potency predictions for aldehydes using the local lymph node assay. Contact Dermatitis, 45(2), 89-94.

QRA Expert Group (AM Api, DA Basketter, PA Cadby, M-F Cano, G Ellis, GF Gerberick, P Griem, PM McNamee, CA Ryan and R Safford), Dermal Sensitization Quantitative Risk Assessment (QRA) for Fragrance Ingredients, Technical Dossier, March 15, 2006, http://www.rifm.org/pub/publications.asp.

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RIFM (Research Institute for Fragrance Materials, Inc.), 2001c. Local Lymph Node Assay on BMHCA. RIFM report number 37068, May 9. (RIFM, Woodcliff Lake, NJ, USA).

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Woodcliff Lake, NJ, USA).

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