# Styrax

**CAS-No.:**
- 8046-19-3
- 8024-01-9
- 94891-27-7
- 94891-28-8
- 101227-15-0

The scope of this Standard includes, but is not limited to the CAS number(s) indicated above; any other CAS number(s) used to identify this fragrance ingredient should be considered in scope as well.

**Molecular formula:**
Not applicable.

**Synonyms:**
- Prohibition of the crude material:
  - Styrax crude gums

- Restriction and Specification of the distillates:
  - Styrax resin
  - Styrax oil
  - Styrax oil, rectified
  - Styrax oil, pyrogenated, distilled

### History:
- **Publication date:** 2020 (Amendment 49)
- **Previous Publications:**
  - 1977
  - 1994
  - 2013

### Implementation dates:
- **For new submissions**: February 10, 2021
- **For existing fragrance compounds**: February 10, 2022

*These dates apply to the supply of fragrance mixtures (formulas) only, not to the finished consumer products in the marketplace.

**RECOMMENDATION:**
PROHIBITION / RESTRICTION / SPECIFICATION

**FRAGRANCE INGREDIENT PROHIBITION:**
Crude gums of Liquidambar styraciflua L. var. macrophylla or Liquidambar orientalis Mill. should not be used as fragrance ingredients for any finished product application.
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**RESTRICTION LIMITS IN THE FINISHED PRODUCT (%):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Limit</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>0.12 %</td>
<td>Category 7A</td>
<td>1.3 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>0.034 %</td>
<td>Category 7B</td>
<td>1.3 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>0.69 %</td>
<td>Category 8</td>
<td>0.068 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 4</td>
<td>0.64 %</td>
<td>Category 9</td>
<td>1.3 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 5A</td>
<td>0.16 %</td>
<td>Category 10A</td>
<td>4.5 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 5B</td>
<td>0.16 %</td>
<td>Category 10B</td>
<td>4.5 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 5C</td>
<td>0.16 %</td>
<td>Category 11A</td>
<td>2.5 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 5D</td>
<td>0.16 %</td>
<td>Category 11B</td>
<td>2.5 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category 6</td>
<td>0.38 %</td>
<td>Category 12</td>
<td>No Restriction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fragrance ingredient restriction - Note box**

Only extracts or distillates (resinoids, absolutes and oils), prepared from exudations of *Liquidambar styraciflua* L. var. *macrophylla* or *Liquidambar orientalis* Mill., can be used.

**FRAGRANCE INGREDIENT SPECIFICATION:**

Styrax oil can be obtained from solvent extraction or pyrolysis. Styrax oil obtained through pyrolysis shall be rectified according to Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) and the content of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) resulting from their use shall respect the following requirement: Benzopyrene and 1,2-Benzanthracene are to be used as markers for PAH. If used alone or in combination with rectified Cade oil, rectified Birch tar oils or rectified Opoponax oil, the total concentration of both of the markers should not exceed 1 ppb in the final product.

**FLAVOR REQUIREMENTS:**

Due to the possible ingestion of small amounts of fragrance ingredients from their use in products in Categories 1 and 6, materials must
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Not only comply with IFRA Standards but must also be recognized as safe as a flavoring ingredient as defined by the IOFI Code of Practice (www.iofi.org). For more details see chapter 1 of the Guidance for the use of IFRA Standards.

Contributions from other sources:

None to consider (see also the section on contributions from other sources in chapter 1 of the guidance for the use of IFRA standards)

Intrinsic property driving risk management:

Dermal sensitization

RIFM summaries:

Recommended concentration levels are based on a comprehensive safety assessment, considering various endpoints. Depending on the outcome of the safety assessment, it might be one or more endpoint(s) that will drive the derivation of the concentration levels. If more than one endpoint is of relevance, the recommended concentration levels for each product category is derived from comparing maximum permitted level per endpoint consideration (dermal sensitization and/or systemic toxicity). Such recommended concentration levels correspond to the lowest level obtained per category.

Additional information is available in the RIFM safety assessment for Styrax, which can be downloaded from the RIFM Safety Assessment Sheet Database: http://fragrancematerialsafetyresource.elsevier.com/.

Expert panel for fragrance safety rationale / conclusion:

The Expert Panel for Fragrance Safety reviewed data available for Styrax distillates and recommends the limits for the 12 different product categories, which are the acceptable use levels of Styrax distillates in the various product categories.

In addition, they recommend to use Styrax distillates according to its specification above mentioned.

The Expert Panel for Fragrance Safety further recommends not to use Styrax crude in any finished product application.
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REFERENCES:

The IFRA Standard on Styrax is based on at least one of the following publications:

• The RIFM Safety Assessment on Styrax if available at the RIFM Safety Assessment Sheet Database: http://fragrancematerialsafetyresource.elsevier.com


Additional information on the application of IFRA Standards is available in the Guidance for the use of IFRA Standards, publicly available at www.ifrafragrance.org.