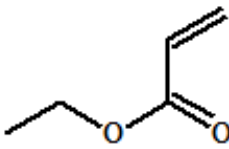


**Ethyl acrylate**

<b>CAS-No.:</b>	140-88-5 The scope of this Standard includes, but is not limited to the CAS number(s) indicated above; any other CAS number(s) used to identify this fragrance ingredient should be considered in scope as well.	<b>Molecular formula:</b>	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
		<b>Structure:</b>	
<b>Synonyms:</b>	Ethyl propenoate 2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester		

<b>History:</b>	<b>Publication date:</b>	2006 (Amendment 40)	<b>Previous Publications:</b>	1974 2002
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<b>Implementation dates:</b>	<b>For new submissions*:</b>	Not applicable.
	<b>For existing fragrance compounds*:</b>	Not applicable.
*These dates apply to the supply of fragrance mixtures (formulas) only, not to the finished consumer products in the marketplace.		

**RECOMMENDATION:** PROHIBITION

**FRAGRANCE INGREDIENT PROHIBITION:** Ethyl acrylate should not be used as a fragrance ingredient.

**CONTRIBUTIONS FROM OTHER SOURCES:** NONE TO CONSIDER (SEE ALSO THE SECTION ON CONTRIBUTIONS FROM OTHER SOURCES IN CHAPTER 1 OF THE GUIDANCE FOR THE USE OF IFRA STANDARDS)

**Ethyl acrylate**

<b>INTRINSIC PROPERTY MANAGEMENT:</b>	<b>DRIVING RISK</b>	<b>DERMAL SENSITIZATION</b>
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**EXPERT PANEL FOR FRAGRANCE SAFETY RATIONALE / CONCLUSION:**

The Expert Panel for Fragrance Safety reviewed all the available data for Ethyl acrylate and recommends not to use Ethyl acrylate as or in fragrance ingredients in any finished product application.

**REFERENCES:**

The IFRA Standard on Ethyl acrylate is based on at least one of the following publications:

- The RIFM Safety Assessment on Ethyl acrylate is available at the RIFM Safety Assessment Sheet Database: <http://fragrancematerialsafetyresource.elsevier.com/>.
- Api A.M., Belsito D., Bruze M., Cadby P., Calow P., Dagli M. L., Dekant W., Dent M., Ellis G., Fryer A. D., Fukayama M., Griem P., Hickey C., Kromidas L., Lalko J., Liebler D.C., Miyachi Y., Politano V.T., Renskers K., Ritacco G., Salvito D., Schultz T.W., Sipes I. G., Smith B., Vitale D., Wilcox D.K. (2015). Criteria for the Research Institute for Fragrance Materials, Inc. (RIFM) safety evaluation process for fragrance ingredients. *Food Chem Toxicol.* 2015 Aug;82 Suppl:S1-S19 (doi: 10.1016/j.fct.2014.11.014). ([http://fragrancematerialsafetyresource.elsevier.com/sites/default/files/Criteria\\_Document\\_Final.pdf](http://fragrancematerialsafetyresource.elsevier.com/sites/default/files/Criteria_Document_Final.pdf)).
- IDEA project (International Dialogue for the Evaluation of Allergens) Final Report on the QRA2: Skin Sensitisation Quantitative Risk Assessment for Fragrance Ingredients, September 30, 2016 (<http://www.ideaproject.info/uploads/Modules/Documents/qra2-dossier-final--september-2016.pdf>).
- Salvito D.T., Senna R. J., Federle T.W. (2002). A framework for prioritizing fragrance materials for aquatic risk assessment. *Environ Toxicol Chem.* 2002;21:1301-1308. (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12069318>).
- Opdyke, D.L.J. (1975), *Food and Cosmetics Toxicology* 13, 801.

Additional information on the application of IFRA Standards is available in the Guidance for the use of IFRA Standards, publicly available at [www.ifrafragrance.org](http://www.ifrafragrance.org).